

Knut Vaage:
multiMORF 3
for trombone og foss
for trombone and waterfall

2011

Sound design and programming by Thorolf Thuestad
Video and programming by HC Gilje

TECHNICAL NEEDS (detailed setup on next two pages) :

Surround PA with sub (extra: 1 central small speakers), 2 microphones, a computer running the multiMORF 3 software, a pedal trigger with 10 foot-switchers, and a eight channel sound card is required.

The video part needs a high quality video projector and a projection screen*, if not projected directly on e.g. a wall. Rear projection is preferred.

(*size of screen depending of size of room, but minimum 2,66 m wide and 2 m high)

General notes on video by HC. Gilje: "Each section of the score has a corresponding video section.

The video does not attempt at following the score directly, but instead is an expression of the various intensities and textures within a specific section.

Since the length and order of each section can vary from performance to performance, I decided to work with the idea of vertical time instead of horisontal time;

layering the contents of a section on top of each other instead of organising them in a chronological structure. What I hope to achieve is that every instant of the video contains the essence of that section.

Each section has it's unique identity, and it should be possible to morph from any section to another. Features which distinguishes each section from each other are degrees of intensity, which is dependent on speed, layering, colours and in constraining the image to only parts of the projection screen. Throughout all sections there is the vertical motion of the waterfall.

The contents of the video mirrors the process of constructing the sound textures: a combination of recorded waterfalls and digitally generated/manipulated material."

ABOUT THE PIECE:

multiMORF 3 is structured as a piece in open form. The performer is enabled to control the form of the piece, and to use the preprogrammed technology.

The performer should use a dynamic microphone on stand to be able to variate the distance to the mic.

This skill must be practiced with technology during preparing the performance of multiMORF 3.

The effect of the realtime treatment, and the quality of the output sound depends on this ability.

Accidentals apply for each note only. The performer must intonate partials without adaption to the tempered scale.

(In the score this kind of microtonality is not indicated, but comes with the positions on the instrument)

There will be 10 triggers for 10 different parts. Each part provides 3 staves for trombone-solo. Maximum time on each part is approx. tree minutes.

The soloist choose which staff to play and is free to jump between staves inside each part, or make longer rests with background only.

The performer may omit parts and staves, and may repite each part 3 times during one performance, but not more than 2 times directly repeated.

The patch includes a time-control. Shoving time, and alert when 30 sec left. Part 10 is empty for rapid fade of backgrounds, and for trombone solo only.

The number on each part of the score, 1 to 10 must match the number of the background chosen by the triggerpedal (1 to 10).

At some spots there will be cues (for part 1 marked: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3). To use the cues, the performer press the same pedal trigger again.

Press pedal once to go one step further. Pressing pedal one 3 times rapidly makes the patch jump to 1.3 etc.

To start over again from the beginning of the same part, press pedal 10, before pressing the wanted part, or press pedal "down".

All the triggers will allow a "hangover" fade from the previous part. To avoid "hangover", press pedal 10 and then the wanted part.

Total possible duration is approx. 82 min. Recommended duration: between 15 and 25 minutes.

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Score at Music Information Centre Norway, P.box 2674 Solli, N-0203 OSLO, info@mic.no

Detailed technical requirements for multiMORF 3.

The performer brings a computer running the multiMORF 3 video and audio software.

Audio needs.

Speaker system.

multiMORF3 may be run either on a 7.2/7.4 or 5.2/5.4 surround sound setup.

The speaker system should consist of high quality components, such as L'acoustics or Meyersound , and should be of suitable scale for the venue.

The center speaker should be placed on floor level in front of the performer, a high quality stagemonitor is suitable.

2 stagemonitors for the Trombone player.

Refer to image below for example setup.

The outputs from the soundcards should be routed in the following manner:

1: Left

2: Right

3: Center

4: LFE channel, either to the subs if these are on separate sends, or too L - R if it is a system with crossover. It is preferable to have the subs on separate sends in order to send to the subwoofers from all output channels.

5: Left mid surround. (optional)

6: Right mid surround (optional)

7: Left surround.

8: Right surround.

Mixer and effects.

Digital or analog mixer of good quality, with:

10 input channels

2 Vca or Dca (for digital mixer)

12 outputs.

All outputs driving speakers should go through a 31 band eq.

1 Digital reverb unit such as the Lexicon pcm 92

The reverb may be distributed in the surround system.

Microphones.

Condensator for amplification of the trombone, Akg 414. (This may be set to hypercardoid to minimize feedback)

Dynamic microphone preferably a Sennheiser md 421, with tone control set in the middle. (But any dynamic that is eq ed on the mixer is OK.

The Akg 414 is routed to L - R for amplification and reverberation.

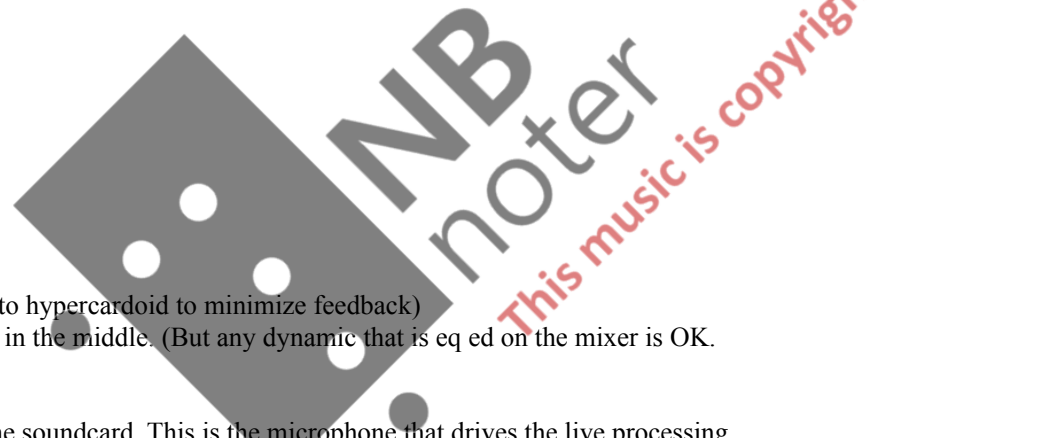
The dynamic is routed from FOH console via a stage return, to input 1 on the soundcard. This is the microphone that drives the live processing.

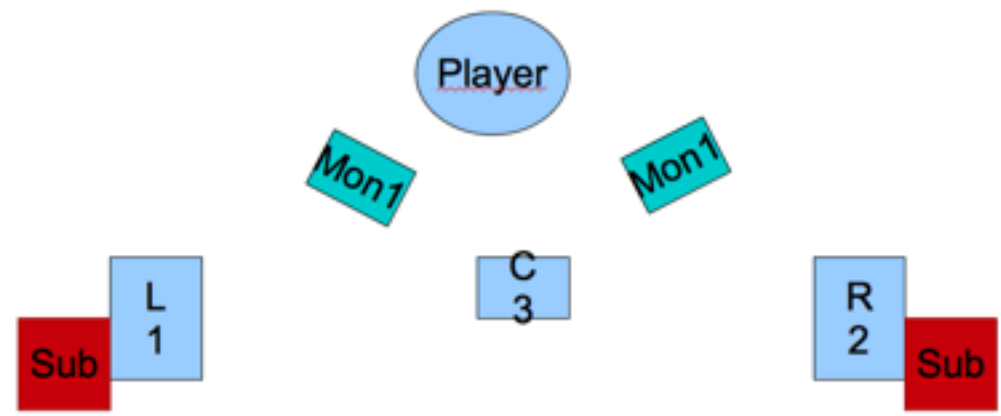
The live processing returned on channel 1 - 8 from the soundcard. This microphone is NOT routed to any speakers.

The dynamic is placed very close to the trombone bell for close microphone placement.

The sound engineer is expected to balance the live processing level by adjusting the level of the dynamic microphone return.

There is a input level meter in the top left corner of the software, make sure there is a healthy input level here.





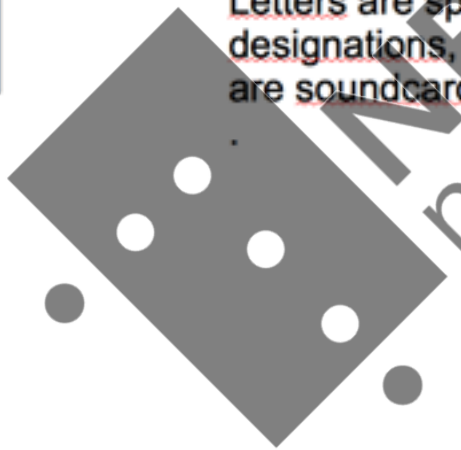
Lm
5

Letters are speaker designations, numbers are soundcard outputs

Rm
6

Ls
7+(5)

Rs
8+(6)



MP3noter

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multiMORF 3

for trombone og foss

Knut Vaage

1 front speaker (kept for this section)
 (♩ = c. 60) * optional time to put on straight
 * Straight

Tbn. variant 1

ensure irregularity in rhythm **ff** *secco molto*

Tbn. variant 2

I Open
 optional gliss. to

if rep. minor third up, position IV
 gliss. to

Tbn. variant 3

(from 10)
 Open
 opt. tacet

I II I II sim.
 Rhythmically (♩ = c. 108)

flz
 for each rep. 1 position lower II III etc.

flz
 grad. longer rests

ff **p < ff** **p < ff**

back speakers
 morph to closer w.f. - - - - -

Waterfall distant 0%

Computer

back speakers
 playback simultaneously

100%

gradually less volume

fade microtonal

Col pedal notes/microtonal

Col pedal notes sempre

morph

morph

ring modulation

Video

High intensity, black and white layered waterfall filling the whole screen

1.1 (ring modulation/granulation)

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

opt. gliss.

opt. gliss.

optional: play backwards

ff **mf** **< ff < ff** **mf**

straight optional

tempo ad lib. lento <-----> presto, fragments ad lib.

Tbn. 3

closer w.f. morph to - - - - -

close up full w.f. front speakers 100%

Cmp.

back speakers

100%

filter sweep

morph

(add spectrum ad lib.)

morph by fading always highest

back speakers

gradually enforce harmonics

filter sweep

20%

L.E. Vdo

ring modulation/granulation

gradually add "bubble" effect, surround sweep

cloud of notes back speakers

Tbn. 1 *f espr.* (semi legato sim.)

Tbn. 2 *f espr.*

Tbn. 3 *f*

central small speakers grad. to distant w.f. ----- back speakers

0% 50% 0% 100%

straight/back speakers

100%

Col pedal notes sempre

morph to

optional spectrums in/out

Harmon open

morph to

optional spectrums in/out

L.E. 0% effect gradually to surround delay

Vdo A vertical section about 1/3 the width of the screen, right-center bw waterfall is combined with black circles on blue background moving slowly downwards

Tbn. 1 if repeated: reduce phrase by phrase from lowest

Tbn. 2 if repeated, choose block ad lib.

Tbn. 3 if repeated, reduce by dropping notes from end of phrases

back speakers

even closer w.f. ----- close up, full w.f. ----- front speakers

0% 50% 100%

Harmon closed

100%

morph (crossfade spectrums)

Bucket

morph

central small speakers

E spectrum solo 0%

L.E. surround delay 100% effect

Vdo

keep rhythms irregular
optional: jump between lines
sim.

3.1 (cut delay/add granulation)
(press ad lib.)

3.2 (surround delay)

opt. tacet

opt. morph

I II III IV V VI opt. tacet

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

front speakers

close up big w.f. volume 100%

50%

Cmp. back speakers 50%

Open

7 sec.

7 sec.

7 sec.

7 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

E spectrum. Col ped. notes

add G^b spectrum

add A^b spectrum

add B^b spectrum (keep until end of part)

add F spectrum

add G spectrum

L.E. Vdo

surround delay

A vertical section about 1/2 width of the screen, center bw waterfall combined with a dense layer of black circles moving rapidly upwards. A green layer oscillates slowly in and out

presto

presto

VII *lento ad lib.*

III

I

improvise

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3

surround

"pleasant" medium calm w.f.

50%

100%

Cmp.

7 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

7 sec.

2 sec.

5 sec.

3 sec.

3 sec.

5 sec.

2 sec.

7 sec.

∞

add A spectrum (tutti)

optional: gradually less surround delay

cut E spectrum

cut F spectrum

cut G^b spectrum

cut G spectrum

cut A^b spectrum

cut A spectrum (B^b solo)

add A^b

B^b solo (cut A^b)

add A

B^b solo (cut A)

add A[♯] (microtonal)

B^b solo (cut A[♯])

add A[♯]

B^b solo (cut A[♯])

L.E. Vdo

front speakers
4 Outburst, presto
(optional: wait, listen to morphing of backgrounds)

Tbn. 1 *ff* (flz) (sim.) *sfz* (flz) *sfz* (flz) *sfz* (flz)

Tbn. 2 I → VII (highest) I I → VI I

Tbn. 3

* back speakers close up, big w.f. radical treatment of all w.f. sounds w.f. w. tbn-harmonics different w.f. filtered/treated

Cmp. [avoid sounding static in w.f. sounds] front speakers Harmon + - - - + , sim. very slow bass row continue repeat as needed (optional transposed by trit twice to 8vb) bassline continue (loudly) all speakers Harmon open block TACET (bassline continue) all speakers (morph to back speakers) Harmon closed crossfade

L.E. Vdo granulated (opt. ringmod.) Whole screen oscillation between waterfall and its inversion, one layer tinted blue, the other yellow

4.1 (granulation into short delays) (flz) *sfz* (flz) (flz) (flz) (flz) (flz) (E spectrum) central small speakers gliss. to improvise

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2 VII like E spectrum

Tbn. 3 gliss. to

different peaks; active w.f./active spatialisation/filtering/reverb etc. * front speakers

Cmp. back speakers Straight (bassline continue) crossfade w. bucket E-spectrum Bucket (back speakers) E spectrum

L.E. Vdo granulation into short delays

* for the w.f. in this section: create a feeling of activity in different rooms/spaces

Trigger loop: 5.1 ---> 5.3 (repeated by continue pressing pedal 5)

5 front speakers
listen to cloud effect of sustains, optional improvise order/shape of gliss (sustainer)

5.1 (stop input sustainer)

5.2 (fade sustainer)

5.3 (new input sustainer)

Tbn. 1 *dolce*

Tbn. 2 *dolce*

Tbn. 3 *dolce*

rep. ad lib.

rep. ad lib.

rep. ad lib.

back speakers
full spectre w.f. completely filtered/transformed morph by gradually opening filters

Cmp. 0% 50%

central small speakers
* (short straight mute, sampling of the whole 1, line 1)
* (old radio effect)
* ensure irregularity in rhythm
sustainer
surround
spatialize

(reduce)

0%

L.E. Vdo

front speakers

back speakers

output

A horizontal white stripe (1/4 height) combined with orange-brown tinted full screen
White stripe is cropped waterfall, the tinted layer is the same as the source in section 3

6 Bucket

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

Tbn. 3 *dolce*

Bucket, lento molto, play lowest octave if possible, change octaves ad lib.

polyphonic w.f.
filtered sound open/close random

surround

(central small speakers)

Cmp. (fragments of intimate w.f.)

grad. to "space"

front PA/sub

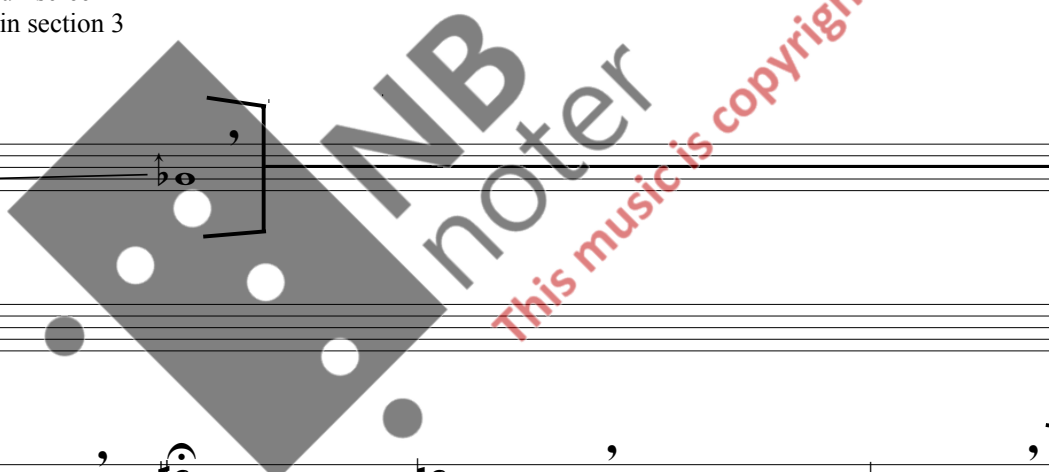
bucket pitched down, enforce low freq.

8vb

L.E. Vdo

low pass/high cut filter, octaver (8va basso)

Whole screen
Yellow tinted layer of waterfall combined with a diffuse white vertical line ((1/4 width) moving slowly back and forth behind the lines of the waterfall)



7 (optional: wait, listen to morphing of backgrounds)
Harmon, enforce harm. spectre

Tbn. 1 dolce open/close ad lib. sim. (wah sim.) pitch ad lib.

Tbn. 2 dolce

Tbn. 3 dolce

Cmp. pop perc. short breath lip sounds make irregular rhythms add different intimate w.f. sound (pitch) change

intimate w.f. pulsate irregular rhythm on bass row rep. random order

enforce low freq. optional col 8vb

L.E. Vdo enforce harmonic spectrum

Vertical section of the scene, moving in the same way as vertical line in section 6, with a very slowmoving bw waterfall

8 Harmon optional: play normal notes, sing diamond notes
use slide and harmon open/close very slowly on dimond notes

Tbn. 1 opt. repeat backwards

Tbn. 2 optional combination af playing and singing ad lb., lyrical opt. repeat fragments

Tbn. 3 opt. repeat fragments

intimate w.f. ,different sound quality

Cmp. harm. spectrum sim. morph by grad. fading original Tbn into synthetic spectrals only

L.E. Vdo enforce lyric vibration, eg. surround delay/harmonizer

Starts off with the same movement as in section 7, except that now the waterfall is moving. After a while another layer appears, covering the whole screen, containing slow-moving downwards waterfall and slow upwards-moving spheres
It is faded from a brown-orange tint up to greyscale, then the brown-orange tint slowly appears again

9 Harmon (into sustainer - make chord) **9.1** (fade sustainer) **9.2** (fade trombone on tape)

Tbn. 1 *p dolce*

Tbn. 2 (into sustainer - make chord, preferable) *p dolce*

Tbn. 3 (optional ending) ad lib. (make rhythm and frases ad lib., but lento molto) *p dolce*

Cmp. most intimate, subtle water sounds

Cmp. harmon 11 sec. gradually enforce overtones (Tbn-recording optional earlier fade by cue 9.2)

L.E. Vdo enforce harmonic spectrum gradually into sustainer/spectral enforcer (reduce sustainer if melody) no input sustainer, gradually fade

Starts off as section 8 ends, with brown-orange tint with slow waterfall+spheres and vertical line moving horizontally back and forth, slowly changes to a reddish tint on the waterfall, and a bluish tint on the vertical line

10 Harmon 11 sec. (optional ending)

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2 (optional start, press pedal 1) *p* *ff* optional, senza flz

Tbn. 3

Cmp. EMPTY Use this pattern to crate space (without backgrounds) and to stop "hangovers"

L.E. Vdo fade all sounds Fading into black screen

