

Harald Sæther



Aurora Borealis

For flute, harp and viola

2008

INSTRUCTIONS

For the flute

(∅) = Breath, without sound (not to plan the lip, don't let the breath go out to the angles of the mouth)

 = Key struck (marks the position of resonance, not the height of the mechanical noise)

 = bands of natural harmonics

 = covering the mouthpiece entirely with the lips, hold it between the teeth (without chlenching them) as far inside the mouth as possible with the tongue in the hole of the mouthpiece (close it more than 2/3 of the way, leaning on lower part). Almost without any pressure, one can produce a light hiss pitched two octaves above the fundamental.

 = covering the mouthpiece entirely with the lips, hold it between the teeth (without chlenching them) as far inside the mouth as possible, blow a violent glissando as if warming up the instrument. It will sound a major seventh lower.

 = always while covering the mouthpiece, make a rounded, resonant tongue stroke. It will sound a major seventh below.

 = natural harmonics on the fundamental.

9 

2
3
4
3
4

 = multifonic artificial sound, with secure emission and control

11 

2
3
4
3
4

2
3
4
3
4

 = multifonic tremolo

For the harp

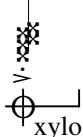


= stop the lowest tone in the chord



= damp the strings near by the neck with one hand and play with the other.
The preferred sound should be like a playing a xylorimba.

percossa



= in treble system:

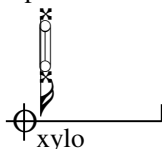
damp the strings near by the soundboard with right hand and struck the strings with the left

= in bass system:

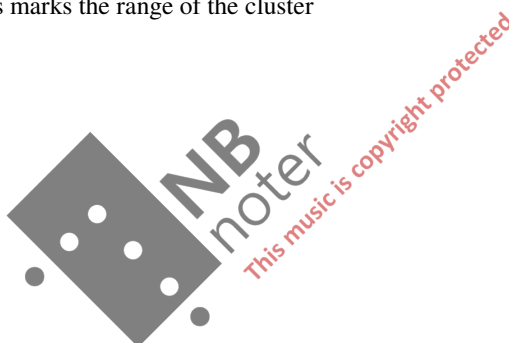
damp the strings upper part with the left hand an struck the strings with the right

p

percossa



= damp the strings upper part with left underarm and struck the strings with the right.
The "noteheads marks the range of the cluster

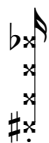


For the viola



= harmonics or quasi harmonics, give the string just a soft touch with the left hand finger in the indicated position. Real harmonics will sound, quasi harmonics will "whisper"

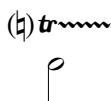
martellare percossa



= struck the strings with the wood, make it like a discret arpeggio if it is not possible to struck all strings at the same time



= quasi harmonics chord, press the strings just with a soft touch, play the two darkest strings a short while, then chang to the next two



= (b)(h)(#)(*) indicates the position of the trill note (flat, natural, sharp, double sharp or triple sharp), the intervals must be one, two, three four or five semitones

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♩ = 60 ca

Flute

soffio, senza suono

mf

6/4 4/4

Harp

fff

6/4 4/4

Viola

sfz *mp*

tr. tempo: rit.

quasi niente

5

Fl.

simile

mp *p*

6/4 4/4 6/4

Hp.

ff

6/4 4/4 6/4

Vla.

8

Fl. *p* *chiave percossa* *p* *3* *3* *3*

Hp. *p*

Vla. *tr. tempo: rit.* *gliss.* *quasi niente* *8va*

sfz p

6/4 4/4 6/4

11

Fl. *ff* *bande di armonici naturali* *ff*

Hp. *pp*

Vla. *pp*

6/4 4/4 6/4

13

Fl.

6/4

4/4

Hp.

pp

Vla.

6/4

4/4

pp

14

Fl.

4/4

ff

Hp.

p

xylo

Vla.

4/4

pp

suono fischiando

16

Fl.

pp p pp

Hp.

pp

mf

Vla.

flautando

simile

pp

17

Fl.

pp mp pp

Hp.

Vla.

molto rit.

18

Fl.

pp *p* *pp* *ff*

Hp.

ppp *ppp*

Vla.

ppp *mp* *pizz.*

molto rit.

A

$\text{♩} = 60 \text{ ca}$

19

Fl.

sfz *pp* *sfz*

3/4 **4/4**

Hp.

sfz *p* *sfz* *p*

arpeggio molto rapido

xylo

pp

simile

Vla.

f *p* *f*

arco

22

Fl.

pp 3 3 3

sf *sf* *pp*

Hp.

pp xylo

Vla.

ppp *p* *gliss.*

24

Fl.

pp 3 3 3

sf *sf* *mf* *sf* *mf* *sf* *ff*

Hp.

ppp *p*

Vla.

ppp *p* *gliss.*

26

Fl.

mp

Hp.

pp

mp

Vla.

sfz p

NB noter
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28

Fl.

p

Hp.

mp

pp

mp

Vla.

sfz pp

pizz.

NB noter
This music is copyright protected

29

Fl. *mp mp* **6/4**

Hp. *mp pp mp pp* **6/4**

Vla. *sfz p* **6/4**

mp mp

mp pp mp pp

sfz p

6/4

molto rit.

30

Fl. *p ppp* **6/4** **4/4** **6/4**

Hp. *mp ppp* **6/4** **4/4** **6/4**

Vla. *sfz mp* **6/4** **4/4** **6/4**

tr *Ped.* *** *G.P.*

p ppp

mp ppp

sfz mp

tr *Ped.* *** *G.P.*

6/4 **4/4** **6/4**

B ♩ = 50 ca

32

Fl. *giocare*
cantare

6/4 5/4 6/4

ppp *p*

Hp. *sfz* *sfz* *p* (*#*) *tr*

6/4 5/4 6/4

Vla. (*#*) *tr* *mp* *quasi niente*

34

Fl. *p* *ppp* 4/4 *p* *f* 6/4

Hp. *tr* *mp* *sfz*

6/4 4/4 6/4

Vla. (*#*) *tr* *mp* *quasi niente*

♩ = 35 ca poco accel.

36

Fl. *p* *ppp*

Hp. *mp* *quasi niente*

Vla. *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *mp*

6/4 **3/4**

37

Fl. *tr*

Hp. *tr*

Vla. *p* *mp*

3/4

38

Fl.

pp sf p sf

Hp.

pp mp

Vla.

p mp p mp mf mp

8va

39

Fl.

mp sf mf sf

6
4

Hp.

mf

Vla.

mf p mp

6
4

♩ = 60 ca

40

Fl.

sfz pp

6/4

4/4

Hp.

p

percossa

xylo

Vla.

p mp pp p

♩ = 50 ca

41

Fl.

sfz pp

4/4

Hp.

ppp

xylo

Vla.

ppp

gliss.

43

Fl.

sf sf *pp* *quasi niente*

Hp.

Vla.

mp *gliss.* *p*

45

Fl.

6/4

Hp.

xylo *mf* *p*

6/4

Vla.

gliss. *mp* *p*

46

Fl. *sfz* *tr.* *tr. tempo: rit.* *mp*

Hp. *xylo* *mf* *p*

Vla. *martellare percossa* *mf* *mp*

6/4 4/4 6/4 4/4

Fl. *quasi niente* *ff* *ff*

Hp. *mp*

Vla.

4/4

47 (#) *t*

= 50 ca

This

50

Fl.

pp 3 3

sf sf

mp

percossa

xylo

ppp

p *mp*

percossa

xylo

Vla.

gliss.

ppp *p* *mp* *mf*

52

Fl.

mp

Hp.

gliss. *gliss.*

Vla.

p

54

Fl.

ff

pp

frull.

Hp.

gliss. gliss.

pp

xylo

xylo

Vla.

p

gliss. gliss.

56

Fl.

sf *mf* *sf* *mf* *sf* *mf*

Hp.

mf

xylo

Vla.

gliss. gliss.

57

Fl.

rit.

p *simile*

Hp.

Vla.

gliss

mf

p

This block contains the musical notation for measures 57 and 58. The Flute (Fl.) part starts with a whole rest in measure 57 and a half note in measure 58. The Harp (Hp.) part has a whole rest in measure 57 and a half note in measure 58. The Viola (Vla.) part features a glissando in measure 57 and a half note in measure 58. Dynamics include *p*, *mf*, and *p*. A ritardando (rit.) is indicated above the Flute staff.

$\text{♩} = 40 \text{ ca}$ Molto rubato quasi senza metrum

59

Fl.

Hp.

Vla.

ff

This block contains the musical notation for measures 59 and 60. The Flute (Fl.) part has a whole rest in measure 59 and a half note in measure 60. The Harp (Hp.) part has a whole rest in measure 59 and a half note in measure 60. The Viola (Vla.) part has a half note in measure 59 and a half note in measure 60. Dynamics include *ff*.

Flauto temp ad lib.

60

Fl.

Hp.

Vla.

6
4

6
4

ppp

62

Fl.

Hp.

Vla.

6
4

6
4

mf sf f sf mp

ff

molto vibrato quasi tremolo

mf sfz p

5'24"